

Mus 456/30

In der 1. Auflage, nach folgt, transcribirt von J.S.

168.

S.P.

Partitur
N: Nov: 1735 — 27^{te} Insprng.



168.

58.

Gitarre ist der Lied
Lieder.

a

2 Bon
2 Salum
2 Fayot.
2 Violin

Viola

Canto

Alto

Tenore
Basso

e

Continuo.

Dr. 23. p. Dr.
1746.

ad
ms.

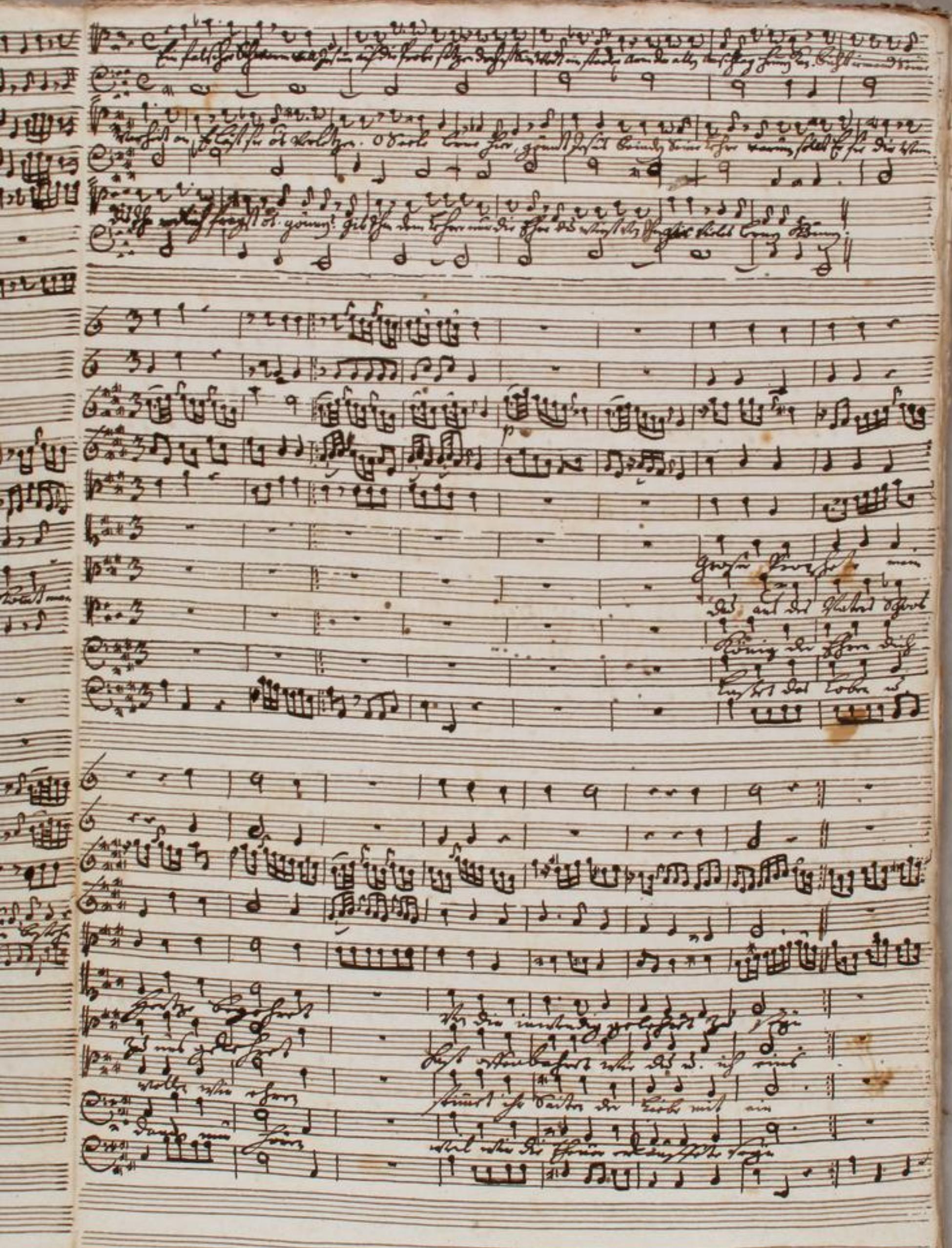


Ortamus.

The score consists of eight staves of handwritten musical notation. The first seven staves are in common time, while the eighth staff begins in 3/4 time. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow black, and white), stems, and bar lines. Dynamics such as *p*, *f*, *ff*, *pp*, and *mf* are indicated throughout. The first staff contains German lyrics: "Jesu wir sind hier". The second staff starts with a bass clef. The third staff has a soprano clef. The fourth staff has an alto clef. The fifth staff has a tenor clef. The sixth staff has a bass clef. The seventh staff has a soprano clef. The eighth staff has a soprano clef and is labeled "Choral." The score concludes with a final staff on the right side of the page.





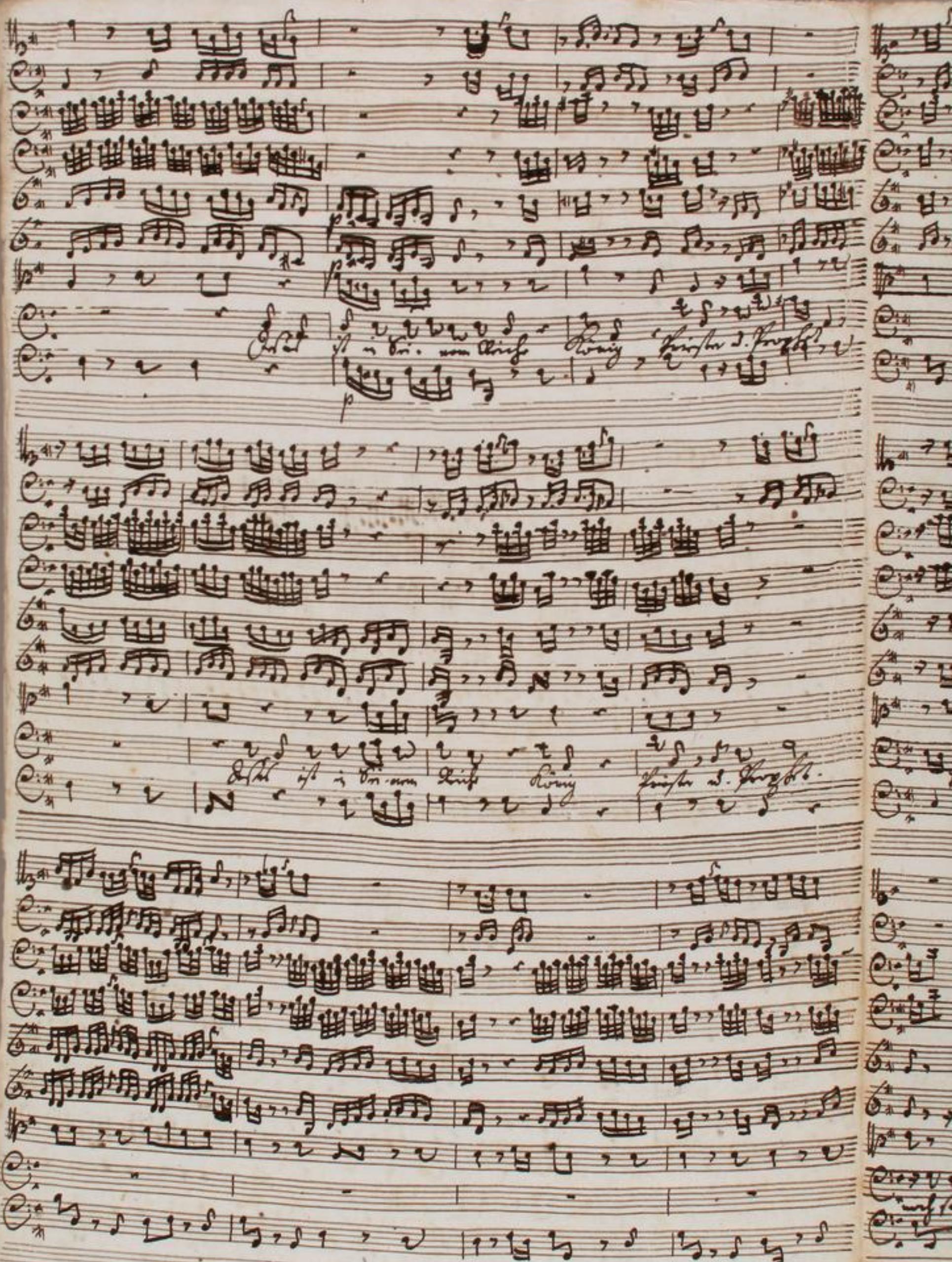




Chorus.

The manuscript contains three staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation is characterized by vertical stems or strokes on horizontal lines, with some horizontal strokes indicating pitch or rhythm. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, while the third staff begins with a bass clef. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The handwriting is in black ink on aged, yellowed paper. The overall appearance is that of a historical musical score.







Largo.

A handwritten musical score for a string quartet (two violins, viola, and cello). The score consists of eight staves of music. The first seven staves are in common time, while the eighth staff begins with a 2/4 time signature. The key signature varies throughout the piece, indicated by sharps and flats. The notation includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction "Rei. acciapp." followed by a forte dynamic. The manuscript is written in black ink on aged paper.



Violino 1.

Grazioso.

Choral.

Poco Recital

Recital



Violino. I.

Handwritten musical score for Violin I (Violino. I.) consisting of six staves of music. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *p*, *pp*, and *mf*. The first five staves are in common time, while the last staff is in 3/4 time. The music features various note heads, stems, and bar lines. The score concludes with a section labeled "Capo Recitat" and "Choral".



Largo.

Grüßt' er

Capo

Chord

Acc.



Violino. 2.



Flauto Recital

Chor.

gut aufzuführen.

p

p

Recit.

A continuation of the handwritten musical score. It starts with a staff for the flute labeled "Flauto Recital" with dynamics "ff" and "p". Below it is a staff for the chorus labeled "Chor." with dynamics "ff" and "p". The next two staves show a continuation of the flute part with dynamics "ff" and "p". The final two staves show a continuation of the chorus part with dynamics "ff" and "p". The score concludes with a staff for the flute labeled "Recit." followed by a staff for the piano labeled "C" (likely indicating common time).



Viola

The image shows a page from a handwritten musical manuscript. At the top, the word "Viola" is written above a single staff of music. Below it, there are six staves of music. The first five staves are for the "Viola" part, featuring various note heads and stems. The sixth staff is for the "Choral" part, indicated by the word "Choral." written below it. This staff contains a mix of notes and rests, with some notes having vertical stems and others being simple dots. The music is written on five-line staves with vertical bar lines. There are also horizontal repeat signs and a double bar line with a "Recit." instruction. The manuscript is written in black ink on aged paper.

Choral.

ganz den Gang führt.

Recitattfacet



Largo.

2/8th ins.

p

p

p

Capo

accomp.

Choral Capo



Violine.

A handwritten musical score for Violin and Chorus. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first six staves are for Violin, with lyrics written below them: "Gott ist der Helfer", "Herr Jesu Christ", "Herr Jesu Christ", "Herr Jesu Christ", "Herr Jesu Christ", and "Choral.". The last four staves are for Chorus, with lyrics: "Gott von Geist und", "Gott von Geist und", "Gott von Geist und", and "Gott von Geist und". The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having horizontal dashes through them. Measure numbers are present at the beginning of several staves. The key signature changes from C major to G major and back to C major. The time signature varies between common time and 3/4 time. Articulation marks like dots and dashes are used throughout the score.

A handwritten musical score consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time, primarily in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign) or A major (indicated by an 'A'). The score includes two systems of music. The first system starts with a dynamic marking 'Lang.' above the first staff. The second system begins with 'Accomp.' above the eighth staff. The music features various note heads, stems, and bar lines, with some notes having horizontal dashes through them. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.



Violone

A handwritten musical score for Violone and Choral. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system, labeled "Violone", is written in brown ink on five-line staff paper. It features a mix of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some notes having vertical stems. The bottom system, labeled "Choral.", is written in brown ink on five-line staff paper. It includes a bass line with sustained notes and a soprano line with eighth-note patterns. The soprano line has a dynamic marking "Grosser & exzessiver". The score concludes with a section labeled "Volte." at the bottom right.

Violone

Violone

Choral. Grosser & exzessiver

Volte.



1. Soprano vocal line with piano accompaniment.

2. Basso continuo line.

3. Soprano vocal line.

4. Basso continuo line.

5. Soprano vocal line.

Accompaniment (accomp.)

piano

Choral

Capo



Largo

Chalmeaux. I.



Largo.

Chalmeaux 2.

A handwritten musical score for a single instrument, likely a bassoon or double bass. The score consists of six staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (C). The music is written in a cursive hand, with some notes and rests indicated by small vertical strokes. The first five staves are filled with music, while the sixth staff is blank. The title 'Largo.' is written above the first staff, and 'Chalmeaux 2.' is written above the second staff. A large, stylized signature 'Capo //' is written across the bottom of the page, indicating a change in section or key.



Santo.

Fagotto. I.

A handwritten musical score for Fagotto I. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first nine staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and feature sixteenth-note patterns. The tenth staff begins in common time and transitions to 2/4 time, indicated by a '2' over a '4'. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction 'Capo //'. The manuscript is written in black ink on aged paper.



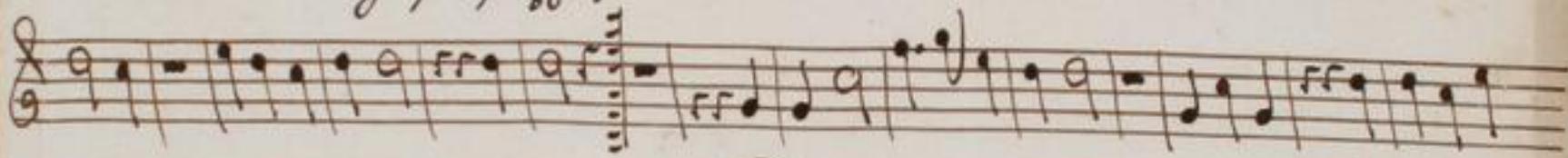
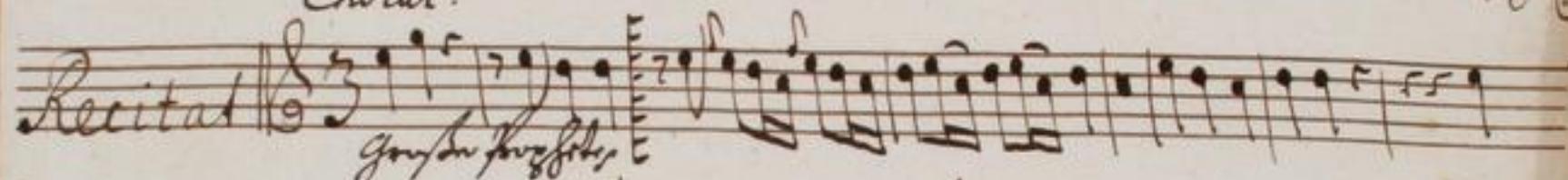
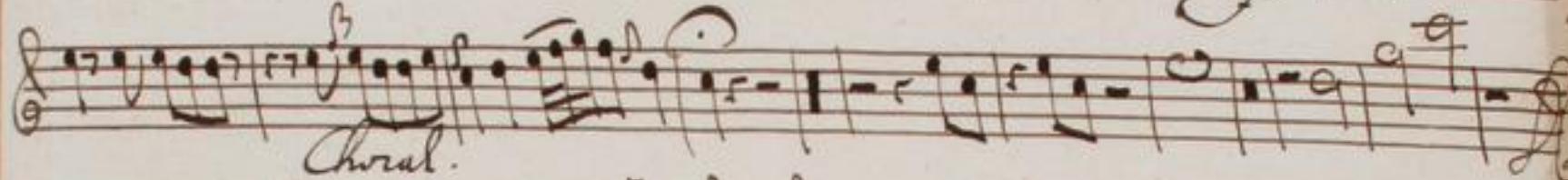
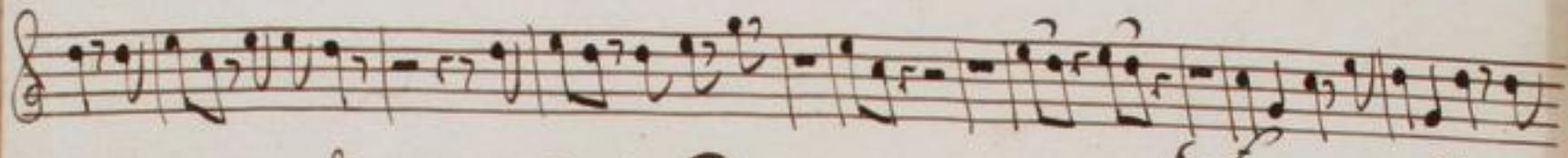
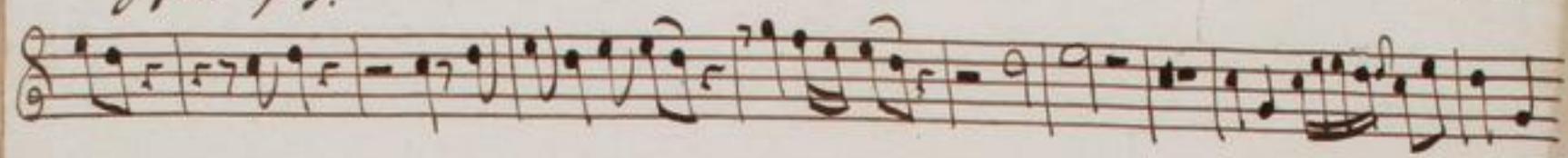
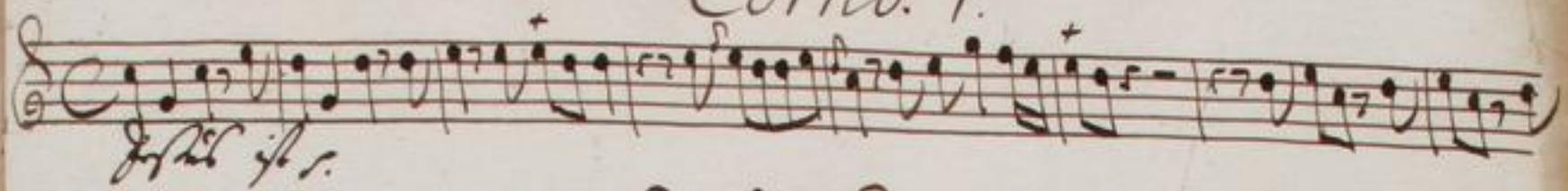
Fagotto 2.

A handwritten musical score for Bassoon 2 (Fagotto 2). The score consists of ten staves of music, each starting with a clef (G-clef for bassoon) and a key signature of one sharp (G major). The time signature is common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music is written in a cursive hand, with note heads and rests varying in style. The score concludes with a bassoon part and a 'Capo' instruction.

Capo



Corno 1.



Corno. 2.

A handwritten musical score for two cornets and organ. The score consists of six staves of music. The first three staves are for the two cornets, with the second staff starting with a treble clef and the third with a bass clef. The fourth staff is for the organ, labeled "Choral". The fifth staff is for the organ, labeled "Gesang der Engelschorr.". The sixth staff is for the organ, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots. The music is written in brown ink on light-colored paper. The score is numbered 2 at the top left.



Canto.

Jesu ist der he - - der Lohn der wer - - der Lohn nach ihm folgt -
 nach ihm folgt - kan si - for gern kan si - for gern nach ihm folgt -
 kan si - for gern Jesu ist der he - - der
 Lohn der wer - - der Lohn nach ihm folgt - nach ihm folgt - - kan
 si - for kan si - for gern. Kommt man ihm daß - im daß - jü fragen
 Kommt man ihm daß - im daß - jü fragen Es wird allein vor dir und Jesu -
 gen n. Dem Anthonis kan besten Es wird allein vor dir und Jesu - gen n. Dem
 Aribert kan - besten

Dopo || Recital ||

Großer Gott sei mein Heil begefreit von den unendlichen Leid
 König Jesu wenn wir wollen wir euren Stimme ist das Lob der Liebe mit
 segn in und von Natur und Punkt zu und Gott freit, Gott offenbart uns
 ihm das Lob loben und danken mir Jesus, weil wir die Forme der
 unendlichen in fest alle Mittler der Einheit begegnen das ist das
 Kannte der segn Jesu lieb wünscht der Himmel als König Menschen freuen

Recital Aria Recital

Distanz auf höchsten gelungen.
 Schreibe die Liede der Freude.

Choral König Jesu Dopo.



Alto.

Aria Recitat 3 P

Großer Trophäe mein Gott der berauscht von dir in
König des Himmels du wolltest mir vom stunden ift
vom Himmel gelassen für segn dir auf der Erde besuch für mich gelassen
Vater der Liebe mit mir laßt das Land und Leben nun gesen
fast offenbaren mir den Frieden. Ich fahrt all Mittag von Einfelde
weil mir die Seele erkennt sie segn große lobwürdigster Engeland
König Menschen für mich gesetzt die Seine die wenig.

P Recit Aria

freimachen dir ist das Befangen auf der Stunde gelungen.



Tenore.

Aria

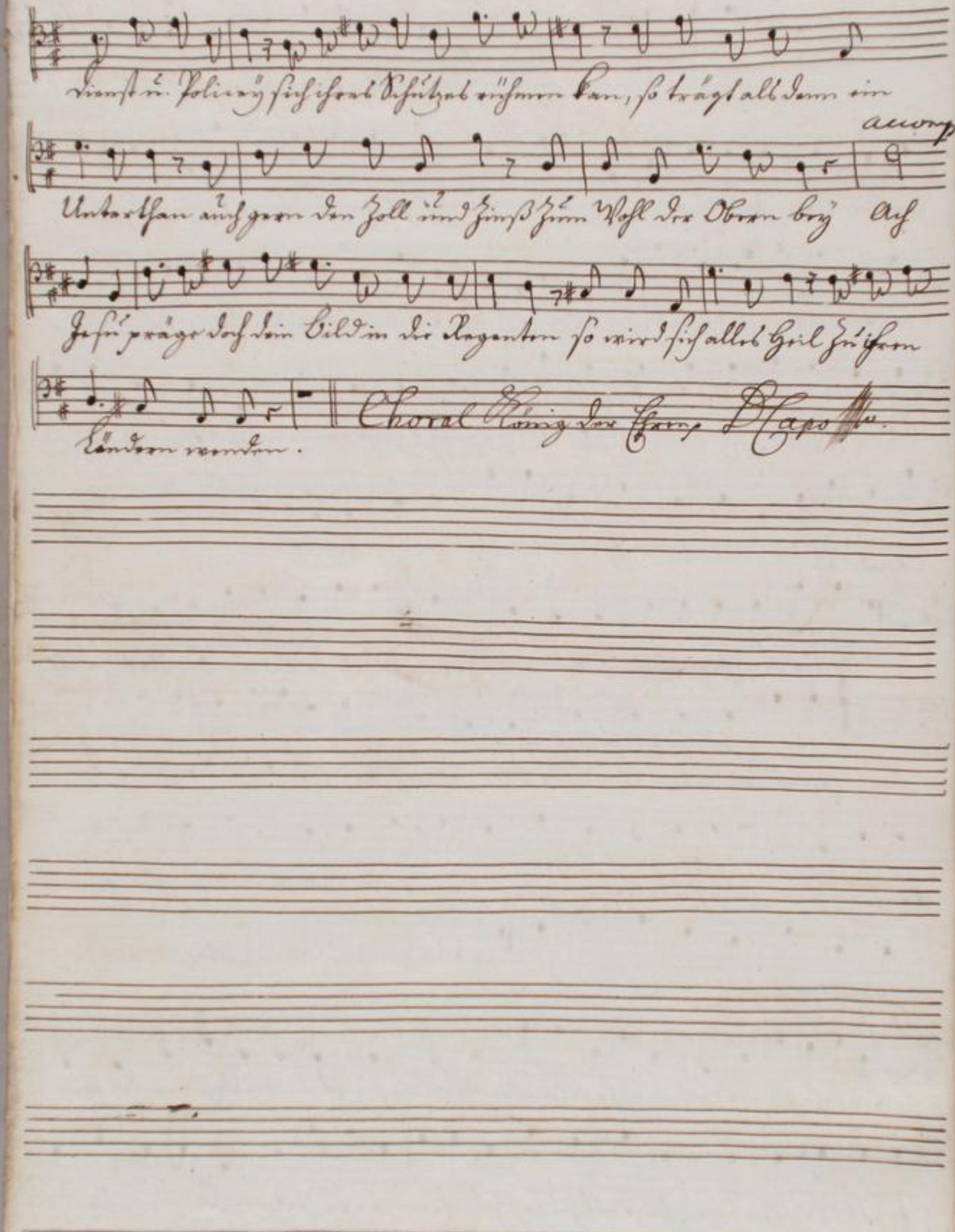
Einfalffes Schwarm will fōrm an die frohe Schen. So ist sein Vorwim.
Kinderlein vor allen Anfang fōrm han. Sist jemand keine Warfstan. Fr
laßt sie nicht verloren. O Vater lehne fier, gōt Jesu seinten keine Lüste mar
im soll für sic die mann ihm in Liebfrau nicht gommen? Gib ihm den lieben
Chor.

Großax propste mein Herzte beginnt, von dir innendringend aufgetzt zu
Röing der Geist des mollen wie er seen, stinet ist Valet der Liebe mit
sayn. In ane des Vatterbot fōrt zu mir geboest fast offenbaret mir
am laßt das loben und danken nun jenen milwir Jesu Christus er
In mir ist ein. Ich fast als Mittler von Gott bezwungen. Ich ist das
Landeste seyn. Großes lobwürdiges Hoyalde als Röing. Menschen freind

Recital Aria

Silanyon topf hütten gelungen.
fführte die Dame die manig.

Wie sehr Obrigkeit die ifre Ländar Hoff besorgtn. Die Angewinkel form von
Jesu Weißheit bongt ist all zu soff zu nem u. zu falten sic ist vor Land mi
Eint zu maß zum pfwerden Zeit ein Trost am jüngst fröhlich. Wenn Gott ob



Basso.

Aria Recitat.

Grosser Trost zu mir Herz bey geist vor dir im
 König der Erden wir wollen wir offen stimmen

 Unendig galen ist zu seyn du bist der Vater des Trosts zu mir geist
 Dichten der Liebe mit dem laßt das loben und danken um so man

 Gott offenbart wie du mit mir du hast als Mittler von Engel bei
 weil wir die Ewigkeit verloren seyn. Große lobwürdigster König aller

 Freuden du ist das Pfleger der Welt gelingen.
 König Mensch für mich schaue die Seinen die wenig.

 Wenn man in Zärtlichkeit Gewissen abraum in ihm Zweifel stellt und nur in einem

 Sinn zu Jesu geht so wird man niemals unterst an sich selbst fallen

 wissen. Dein Wort gibt Lust ob lebet gern, Beichte ihm, was ihm nicht entgang

 folgt dan in Gewissen nicht.

 Jesu ist in einem Kinde König Fürst und Trost in Pro

 gefel Jesu ist in einem Kinde König Fürst und Trost

 Jesu ist in einem Kinde König Fürst und Trost. Wirst alle Toten

 - den wirst du alle Toten - du ifst Wohl mit dir



A handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The top two staves are for the piano, showing a treble clef, a bass clef, and a common time signature. The lyrics are written below the piano staves in German. The third staff is for the voice, starting with a forte dynamic. The score concludes with a section labeled "Choral Song by F. H. Pfeiffer".

if am Volk wie für mir für zwölften noß so gern noß so gern zwölften
jeden samstag wann fröhlich den Zoll - - - - - aufst wann fröhlich den
Zoll - - - - - aufst

Piano Recital

Choral Song by F. H. Pfeiffer



1.

Largo

Gehst jetzt in Ruinen.



